The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY MARCH 24, 1902 XL—NO 52

AT THE HOSPITAL.

Visit of the House Finance Committee.

THE INSTITUTION'S NEEDS.

Matters Thoroughly Discussed by State Representatives After Hearing Dr. Eyman's Explanations—The Committee Favorably Impressed—$21,000 Deemed Necessary for Repairs and Improvements.

The State House committee on Finance arrived in Massillon Friday evening at 4:30 in a special car attached to the 4:19 train on the Pennsylvania railroad. Accompanying the committee were many of the members' families. At the station they were met by Dr. H. C. Eyman and taken to the hospital grounds in a special car. A meeting was immediately called, the Hon. William H. Craft, chairman of the committee, presiding. After a brief introductory address by the chairman the financial question was brought up.

Dr. Eyman, in his request to the state board, had asked for an appropriation of about $300,000, $100,000 to cover the cost of construction of three new buildings, two cottages and an infirmary. The matter was thoroughly discussed by the members after Dr. Eyman had explained to them the necessity of more room and wards wherein to accommodate the patients. In his remarks on this subject Dr. Eyman gave the following facts: The present capacity of the institution is about 750 patients when crowded. In the fourteen counties which comprise this district there are about 1,700 insanity cases. Room must be made at the hospital for these patients and this item of $100,000 was for this purpose. $150,000 is wanted for construction for 1903. During the coming year it is hoped that an addition of four buildings will be made at a cost of $150,000. These two items caused considerable discussion and occupied most of the time. The next item on the list was one of $17,000 for the purchase of an 85 acre tract of land immediately adjoining the hospital grounds on the north side, which is very much desired, to be used for farming purposes. The committee took favorably to this project and a favorable report is expected.

The matter of a diary was then introduced by Dr. Eyman, whose remarks in part were as follows: "This is simply a business proposition. At present the hospital is paying 12½ cents per gallon for milk. By purchasing seventy or seventy-five cows a great saving would result."

An increase was asked for in the allowance for the salary of trustees from $7,200 to $7,700. The amount of thee improvement and repair item caused a general discussion and $21,000 was finally decided upon as the appropriation needed.

The Hon. C. W. Metzger, when asked about the feeling of the committee on this appropriation, said: "While I do not know what the final appropriation will be, there is every reason to expect that a larger proportion of this year's demands will be granted than was given by the committee three years ago. At that time the committee came here somewhat prejudiced against the institution, and, while they went away with a better feeling, the appropriation was necessarily smaller than would otherwise have been the case. The members of the present committee entertain none of those feelings and have only the best interests of the hospital at heart. Still it must be remembered that our resources for such appropriations are not unlimited and it will hardly be possible to grant all the demands made by the state institutions. However, a thorough canvass will be made of all the hospitals, etc., and their needs supplied in the most liberal manner possible."

After a few questions by members of the board the meeting was adjourned and the members with their families dined at Dr. Eyman's residence. The committee made an early inspection of the grounds Saturday morning and left in their special car over the Pennsylvania road via Crestline for Cleveland, where a similar investigation will be conducted. From Cleveland the party will go direct to Columbus, reaching there at 9:10 p.m. Monday.

Members of the party were: William H. Craft, chairman, Miss Ethel Craft, Master James Craft, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Hagenbuch, J. M. Willis, Thomas Kinsman, Miss Kinsman, M. [illegible] Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Ankeny, J. M. Ainsworth, Miss Susie Ainesworth, S. E. Walters, C. S. Walters, N. F. Wells, Miss Ruth Wells, M. E. Neitsel, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Gear and Miss Gear, Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Worthington, C. W. Metzger, Miss Minnie Rogers, stenographer, Fred Kitzleman, reporter, Charles M. Myers, H. H. McFadden and W. A. Kurns.

A repetition of the play, "A Cuban Spy," was given by the dramatic club in William McKinley hall, Friday evening for the benefit of the visiting committee and their friends. The performance was even more of a success than the one of the previous night. The gallery and rear seats were entirely filled by visitors. A special section had been reserved for them.

LIST OF TIPPLERS.

Burning Question, is My Name Written There?

DRINKERS FREQUENTLY ASK IT.

Drunkards' Directory of Salvationists, Now Containing Fifteen Names, Causing Much Anxiety Among Those Who Drink Much, but do Not Want Everybody to Know It.

"Our drunkards' directory," said Captain Crawford, of the Salvation Army, Saturday, "now contains about fifteen names. We have had occasion in the past month to remove several names from the list because of the departures of some of the men from the drink habit. But this reduction has been more than offset by new names. We do a great deal of our work by visitation. Nobody not concerned in our work knows whose names are in our directory, not even the drunkards themselves. We feel very thankful that we have been able to assist several men to wrest themselves free from the tyrant, drink."

At the barracks Saturday evening there will be a commissioning of new officers, Adjutant Boyd, of Cleveland, officiating. Mrs. Kate Urban is to be commissioned treasurer; William Urban recording sergeant, and Mrs. Carrie McCollum, visiting sergeant.

The swearing-in of recruits will take place Sunday evening. The oath will be administered by Adjutant Boyd, who will arrive in the city this afternoon.

HOW DRINKERS FEEL.

The drunkards' directory has created more or less of anxiety in drinking circles, and there is much curiosity as to whose names appear in the directory. Every man who drinks much fears that his is there, and that the directory will become public property, and this fact, itself, is doing much to keep many men in the paths of sobriety.

FIRE AT EARL FARM.

Carriage House, Corn Crib and Other Buildings Burned.

Fire broke out at the home of George Earl, one and one-half miles west of town Thursday noon. Being outside of the fire limits the department was not able to reach it and it consequently made rapid headway against the efforts of the farm hands and employes of Mr. Earl. Starting from a spark form a passing engine, the fire rapidly consumed a carriage house, corn crib containing 500 bushels of corn, hog pen and hen house. The efforts of everybody was directed toward saving the big barn which stands very close to the carriage house. Several times the barn was afire but as often the heroic work of the hands extinguished the flames. A call was sent to the city for help but people were slow to respond. Foreman Wetter, of the stone quarry, sent over a squad of men and with their help the blaze was soon under control. As The Independent goes to press water is still being carried but there seems to be no more danger.

The carriage house contained four carriages which were saved, but the farming implements which were also stored there were destroyed. Mrs. Earl reports the loss of twenty-five chickens. The entire loss is only partly covered by insurance.

CONCERT TUESDAY.

Ithaca Company at the First M. E. Church.

The concert company which will give an entertainment at the First M. E. church next Tuesday evening is composed of pupils of the Ithaca Conservatory of Music. The company includes a soprano, elocutionist, pianist and violinist, so the programme will be varied.

DEATH OF T. C. ACKERT.

The Funeral Services Sunday at 3:30.

A WELL-KNOWN PHARMACIST.

For Nearly Thirty Years the Deceased Was Employed in Massillon Drug Stores—Funeral Services for the Late Mrs. Schnierle.

The death of Theophilus C. Ackeret occurred at 5 o'clock Friday afternoon. He had been ill four weeks. Death was due to lung trouble. Mr. Ackeret was 50 years old. He was born in Mt. Eaton, but had lived in Massillon for twenty-nine years. He was a pharmacist, and for twenty-one years was employed by Z. T. Baltzly. For the past eight years he had had charge of the drug department of L. A. McCuen's store.

Mr. Ackeret leaves a wife and one son, Herbert Ackeret. His marriage took place in 1877, his wife's maiden name being Wilhelmina Kortheuer. He was a member of the Knights of Pythias and of the Junior Order of American Mechanics, which societies will attend the funeral in a body. The funeral services will be held at the residence, at 362 South Erie street, a 3:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon. The Rev. J. F. Clokey will officiate.

MRS. EVELYN SCHNIERLE.

Mrs. Evelyn Schnierle, of whose death a brief notice appeared Friday, was the wife of Engineman Harry Schnierle, of the C., L. & W. railroad. The deceased was afflicted with consumption. She had been gradually sinking since last May. Death came at 12:02 p.m. Friday. The deceased leaves a daughter 5 years old. The funeral will take place on Sunday at 1:30 p.m., from the house. The Rev J. E. Digel will officiate. Interment will be made in the Massillon cemetery.

SIMON P. SNYDER.

Dalton, March 20.—Simon P. Snyder, aged 87 years, one of the oldest residents of this town, died yesterday. Funeral services will be held at the Presbyterian church at 10:30 o'clock Friday.

JOHN LUNIACK.

John Luniack, of this city, aged 82 years, died at the Canton hospital Tuesday afternoon. His body was brought to Massillon to the home of his daughter, Mrs James Brownsberger, in Charles street, Wednesday evening. Thursday morning short funeral services were conducted at the home of Mrs. Brownberger by the Rev. J. E. Digel, after which the body was taken to Millersburg for interment. Mr. Luniack had been under treatment in the Canton hospital for the past four weeks.

DEATH OF A CHILD.

The eighteen-months-old child of Mr. Reuben Ewing, living in the Stone block, died Friday morning at 9:30 o'clock of convulsions

JEALOUSY HIS RUIN.

Russian Officer's Wife Betrays Him.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—Colonel Grimm, the Russian officer sentenced to death for revealing military secrets to Germany, has confessed. About sixty arrests were made in Warsaw in connection with his trial. It is said that the discovery came through his wife, who betrayed him because he paid attention to another woman.

CITIZENS HELPED JAILER.

Mob Failed in Its Attempt to Reach a Prisoner.

Owenton, Ky., March 22.—A mob attacked the jail here at 2 a.m. and secured the key from the jailer to take William Fields, a negro, from the jail. Citizens rallied to help the jailer and the mob retired without getting the prisoner.

CAMBRIDGE WINS.

Oxford is Beaten by Eight Lengths.

Putney, England, March 22.—The Oxford-Cambridge university boat race was rowed today and was won by Cambridge by eight lengths.

Public Sale.

The undersigned will sell at public sale on his farm 2½ miles east of Massillon on car line, Tuesday, March 25, 2 horses, 15 head of cattle, and all farm implements.

LEONARD HESS.

TO JAIL FOR CONTEMPT.

Louisville Man Suffers Severe Penalty.

Louisville, March 22.—Judge Evans today committed W. T. Nugent to jail indefinitely under a mandate of the United States supreme court. Nugent's father failed several years ago. W. T. Nugent was charged with having sold goods of his father's to the amount of $14,000. When ordered by Judge Evans to pay that sum to his father's creditors he refused and was ordered to jail for contempt. The United States court of appeals reversed Judge Evans' decision but the supreme court sustained him.

ANARCHY WARNED.

Senate Passes Bill for the President's Protection.

A SMALL NEGATIVE VOTE.

An Attempt to Assassinate the President Carries the Death Penalty and Advice or Counsel to Murder Can be Punished with Twenty Years Imprisonment.

Washington, March 22.—The Senate on Friday passed the bill for the repeal of the war revenue taxes and that for the protection of the President of the United States. The revenue bill was passed without division and after only one short speech Mr. Tillman embraced the opportunity afforded by the bill's consideration to protest against the repeal of the duty of ten cents a pound upon tea.

The bill for the protection of the President was under discussion during the greater part of the session. Mr. Patterson, of Colorado, made an extended speech in opposition and Mr. Fairbanks, of Indiana, advocated it in a forceful address. All amendments offered to the measure were rejected and it was passed by a vote of 52 to 15. The bill provides that any person within the United States, who shall wilfully and maliciously kill the President or any officer on whom the duties of President may devolve, or any sovereign of a foreign country, or shall attempt to kill any of the persons named, shall suffer death that any person who shall aid, abet, advise or counsel the killing of any of the persons named, or shall conspire to accomplish their death, shall be imprisoned not exceeding twenty years; that any person who shall threaten to kill or advise or counsel another to kill the President, or any official on whom the duties of president may devolve, shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten years; that any person who shall wilfully aid in the escape of any person guilty of any of the offenses mentioned shall be deemed an accomplice and shall be punished as a principal.

The secretary of war is directed to detail from the regular army a guard of officers and men to protect the President, "without any unnecessary display" and the secretary is authorized to make regulations as to the dress, arms and equipment and duties of such guard.

FOUND DEAD IN WOODS.

Prominent Celina Citizen Commits Suicide.

Lima, O., March 22.—Tony Purtscher, whose home was formerly in this city, committed suicide in a tragic manner last night. Purtscher removed to Celina some time ago and was one of the prominent and substantial business men there. He was interested in several enterprises and no known cause can be attributed to his ending his life.

Purtscher disappeared yesterday and this morning his dead body was found by two farmers in a woods near Ft. Recovery, twenty miles from Celina. A bullet hole was in his head and a revolver was lying beside him.

MANDARINS FLEE.

Chinese Rebels Are Again Victorious.

Hong Kong, March 22.—The rebels have captured the town of Kam-Chon in the province of Kwang Tung, and seized the arsenal and granaries. The Mandarins of the garrison fled and appealed to Canton for reinforcements. The viceroy of Canton replied that it would be impossible to further deplete the Canton garrison.

WANTED — Energetic men and women to represent us in each county. Steady employment and good wages. Call on or address, Summit Supply Company, 507 and 508 Everett Block, Akron, O.

HEIR TO MILLIONS

Michael Heinz is Expecting a Fortune.

UNCLE DIES IN AUSTRALIA.

It is Claimed That Heinz, Who Lives at Greenville, Was the Deceased's Nearest of Kin, and That as There is no Will the Money Will Go to Him.

Michael Heinz, of East Greenville, thinks he is heir to a million. An uncle of his, worth that much, recently died in Australia, and it is said that Heinz is the nearest of kin, and that, as the deceased left no will, his million must come to the East Greenville man. Heinz has engaged Attorney R. A. Pinn to assist him in establishing his right to the fortune.

Heinz is a miner, well up in years, and has a large family. His children are all young.

The deceased uncle went to Australia a poor man. He made his millions raising sheep and cattle.

HOUSE FOR THE GOVERNOR.

A Bill Being Considered by Representative Metzger.

Columbus, March 22.—A strong anti-gambling bill has been introduced in the House by Representative Earhart, of Richland. It provides that anyone who shall set up or keep any device commonly known as faro, roulette, equity, keno, or slot machine, or who exhibits or operates any slot machine displaying any obscene, indecent or lascivious pictures shall be fined from $100 to $500 and imprisoned from ten to ninety days. The bill provides that possession of the machine or gambling device shall be prima-facie evidence of guilt. Any fine imposed shall be a lien on the real estate.

The gubernatorial mansion talk has been revived and may lead to definite action. Representative Metzger, of Stark, has in mind the introduction of a bill appropriating $100,000 for the purchase of a site and the erection of a suitable building. A poll of the House shows a sentiment in its favor.

The dairy and food committee of the House has decided to recommend the McDonald bill for passage. This is a bill backed by the dairy and food commissioner and is intended to enable the commissioner to take city violators of the food laws before a country justice and jury for trial. The bill gives the justice jurisdiction coextensive with the county and the constable the same power as a sheriff in going to any place in the state for a witness or to make an arrest in food cases.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK CHURCH.

Plot of Conspirators at Zanesville Discovered.

Zanesville, March 22.—An attempt was made Thursday evening by some bold conspirators to blow up St. James Episcopal church, of this city, of which the Rev. Frank W. Bope is rector.

Special Lenten services were held in the church, and after the dismissal of the congregation the sexton closed the edifice, as is the custom. Rector Bope had occasion to visit the parish house, located at the rear of the church, about an hour after the dismissal. In passing through the church he was aroused by a strong odor of escaping gas, and was astounded to find, upon investigation, that 11 gas jets had been turned on full force, and that a small gas stove, used for heating the choir loft, had been lighted. The escaping gas was hastily shut off and the windows opened, thus preventing a terrible explosion. Had not Rector Bope paid this visit to the church the edifice would now, in all probabilities, be in ruins.

Previous to last Sunday evening's service some miscreant tampered with the large pipe organ, probably in an attempt to mar the beautiful and impressive cathedral song service, which is rendered at the St. James church each week. The cathedral service has proved a great crowd-winner, and each evening of its rendition the church is crowded to its utmost capacity.

Rector Bope has received several anonymous epistles lately, requesting him to abandon the cathedral service, as it has drawn heavily from the othe congregations of the city.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure. Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

THE ROOF FELL.

A Moment Before Last Inmate Was Carried from House.

Parkersburg, W. Va., March 22.—The home of Baruch Stoops, at Pettyville, burned at 3 a.m. today. The six inmates were unconscious when Will Shackford returned home, discovered the fire and carried the unconscious inmates out, saving their lives. The roof fell in just as the last one was taken out.

IN HIS PRIME AT 65 YEARS.

Man is Not Old Till He is Ninety.

DISCUSSION LIFE AND HEALTH.

Cooper Chidester, Aged 95 Years, Who Shod Horses and Did Blacksmithing Till He Was 93, Recalls the Stirring Days of Old.

"A man ought not to begin to get old till he is over 60," remarked Cooper Chidester, aged 96 years, who lives with his son, Charles Chidester, at 44 Henry street, Saturday. "That is my experience. From 60 to 65 I was in my prime. I think I was stronger and a better man generally at that age than I was at 30 or 40, when some people think they are in their prime. At 70 I began to feel a little stiff at times. At 80 I began to realize that I was aging somewhat. At 90 I discovered that I was old. Though I could still work at my trade of horseshoer and blacksmith there were times when I used to think the work was a bit hard for me. When I was 93, I shod my last horse. I decided that I had worked hard enough and long enough. I have been retired ever since."

Mr. Chidester enjoys excellent health. He walks down town nearly every day. He reads without the aid of glasses, but his hearing is slightly affected. He attributes the latter infirmity not to old age, but to the constant roar of the forge and the ringing of the anvil which filled his ears for so many years. Mr. Chidester worked at blacksmithing and horseshoeing for 83 years. He conducted a shop at the cross-roads known as McFarren's, between here and West Lebanon for more than half a century.

Mr. Chidester was born at Northumberland county, Pa., with his parents. He passed through what is now Massillon in 1811 and settled in Wayne county. He was then five years old. Mr. Chidester is a widower. He has five children, thirty grandchildren and eight great-grandchildren.

"I've had lots of lively experiences in my day," remarked Mr. Chidester. "Kicked by a horse and had two ribs broken, kicked again and a leg badly hurt, thrown forty feet by the explosion of a cannon and much beat up in the Mt. Eaton riot. That riot I always will remember. Out that way the settlers were mainly Dutch, English and French. The English and French always hung together. The Dutch went it alone. One night the Dutch gave a dance. English and French demanded free tickets. They were refused, so admission was forced. My brother Henry, with the French and English, a reckless youth, was in the thick of the fight. I went down to rescue him, for I heard he was being hurt, and I got hurt myself, though I got Henry out. I was hit over the head with a jug, shot under the eye and struck in five other different places with clubs and fists. The riot lasted all night, but the fighting wasn't confined to the dance hall. The Dutch at last gave in, and the excitement died out. The explosion of the cannon occurred June 16, 1846, at a French celebration we were having.

Blaze Near Navarre.

Sparks from an engine on the W. & L. E. railroad Friday night set fire to a large field of dry grass adjoining the Jacobs farm, near Navarre. The fire spread quickly through the adjoining woods consuming a part of it. At one time the fire threatened the barn on the Jacobs' farm but with the aid of the round about farmers it was held in control.

No man can cure consumption You can prevent it though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds bronchitis, sore throat. Never fails.

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if everyone knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

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THE INDEPENDENT

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LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bammerlin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad), and Bert Hankin's News stand in North Mill street.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL MASSILLON, O. 293

MONDAY, MARCH 24, 1902.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

CITY.

For Mayor.
E. G. WILLISON.
For Councilmen.
First Ward—C. C. MILLER.
Second Ward—H. F. GADDIS.
Third Ward—JOHN E JOHNS.
Fourth Ward—L. L. VOLKMOR.
For Assessors.
First Ward—C. H. WISEMAN.
Second Ward—JOHN ROUSH.
Third Ward—HARRY GRISWOLD.
Fourth Ward— ———
Board of Education.
W. B. HUMBERGER.

TOWNSHIP.

For Trustee.
MICHAEL ELSASS.
For Clerk.
J. J. KLOTZ.
For Justice of the Peace.
R. A. PINN.
For Ditch Supervisor.
R. C. FOLTZ.
For Assessors.
Massillon Prec't—H. A. BAILEY.
Richville Prec't—E. A. RICE

The attention of persons who are agitating the question of canal abandonment in this state is called to the fact that the French waterways bill comprises improvements in the existing canals of France at a cost of $12,000,000.

Advertising Agent Bates says that if you should take 10,000 men who ought to buy your goods and stand them up in a row where you could get at them consecutively, you would surely make some sales before you got far down the line. He wisely suggests that the same result can be achieved by telling the story once in a newspaper with a good circulation and reaching every one of its subscribers.

The plan of forming a town improvement society, long advocated by The Independent, received new impetus at the board of trade's banquet Thursday evening when a paper whose signing means that one favors the organization of such a society received the signatures of prominent citizens. The Independent suggests that the committee in charge of the movement follow up this newly awakened interest by calling a preliminary meeting at once in order that details of the plan may be discussed and decisive action taken.

OLD AND NEW WORLD IDEALS.

Try to sum up the whole shaping faith of the West, the forces that have been pushing on the Western peoples in progress, in discovery, in experimental knowledge, and you find the underlying hypothesis that human nature has all-round capabilities of which the limits have by no manner of means been touched as yet, or even dimly discerned. By our political and social experiments alike, and by our more and more diversified and organized systems of pedagogics, we are taught and teach others to hold that mankind should consider itself practically equal to anything. No one can tell what he can do until he tries, is a scientific statement that might be accepted as the point of departure of the entire Occidental philosophy of life. Hence that philosophy results in a continuous admonition to exertion, to effort both against the array of outer obstacles created by circumstance and against the inner inertia of man himself.

To those who have been bred in these views the absolutely contrary philosophy taught by the sages and religious reformers of the East from the beginning of history must seem, logically, to be responsible for the stupefying (many say the brutailzing) of the masses in the Eastern countries. Man is a very small quantity in the great scale of things, has been the gist of the warnings of the wise; he is hemmed in and confined by all his conditions; seeking to escape them will help him not at all; let him "lie low," then, and avoid a multitudinous assortment of gratuitous troubles in addition to those that belong to his natural state. He is very far from being "equal to anything"; and, furthemore, in proportion as he variously strives to get at the meaning of life through experimental knowledge and the cultivation of his physical energy, and through the creation of material wants and their satisfaction, does he remove himself from what he seeks. For those reach best the meaning of life who do their humble daily work in simplicity, and possess their spirit in quietness. —From "The Point of View," in the April Scribner's.

POSTAL CURRENCY.

A unique feature in congressional legislation this winter is presented in the promotion of a postal currency, says the Washington Star. The system was devised, perfected and patented by a private citizen, who offers the result of his efforts to the government free of all cost.

The provisions of the "post check" currency bill, introduced in the Senate by Mr. McMillan, and in the House by Mr. Gardner, of Michigan, provides for printing the one, two and five dollar bills in the future with blank spaces on the face. These bills, of course, pass from hand to hand before the blanks are filled. When it is desired to send one in the mails, the blanks are filled in with the name of the payee, his city and state, a two-cent postage stamp is placed in another blank space and canceled with the initials of the sender in ink, the name of the sender is signed on the back, and, presto! his money has suddenly ceased to exist as currency and has been transformed into a check on the United States government, having all the safety of any bank check, and ready for enclosure in his letter. When the payee receives this check, he treats it just as he would any other check—indorses it, goes to the nearest bank or postoffice and deposits it or has it cashed. The paid check finally reaches the treasury department, when it is replaced by a new one with the spaces unfilled. This keeps the circulation at par.

The bill also provides for the issue of $75,000,000 of fractional currency, with blank spaces similar to the larger denominations, in place of an equal amount of money of larger denominations, presumably $20 and $50 bills. The provision under the new system for a continual reissue insures clean money both in the fractional currency and in the larger bills. The government fee on the five, ten, fifteen, tweny-five and fifty-cent pieces is to be one cent each.

While it is not thought that, if adopted, the proposed system would entirely supersede the money order system, because for amounts over fifty dollars the money order would be slightly cheaper, it is thought by the advocates of the pending bills that such a system of post checks would prove a great convenience to those desiring to send small amounts of money through the mails, and would result in gain to merchants, publishers and business firms who now receive such remittances in the form of stamps (often torn and mutilated), drafts on small banks, or loose coin in letters—always a temptation to postal employes.

THE NEW POSTAL CARDS.

A new one-cent postal card is now being printed at the bureau of engraving and printing, and when the first issue of 4,000,000 has been counted and bundled the new card will be placed on sale. Its distinctive feature is that the new card contains a vignette of President McKinley in lieu of President Jefferson's portrait. The issue of the Jefferson card will be discontinued when the present stock on hand is exhausted.

When desired by purchasers the new postal card will be furnished in sheets of forty cards each. It is expected this arrangement will effect a large saving to purchasers who have their messages or addresses printed on postal cards. In order to avoid the heavy black device at the top of the Jefferson card and leave a clear space for the postmark, the new postal card has three lines of small type printed about an inch below the top of the card. The card is thus divided literally into two sections—one for the postmark and one for the address.—Washington Star.

ACT QUI KLY.

Delay Has Been Dangerous in Massillon.

Do the right thing at the right time.
Act quickly in times of danger.
Backache is kidney danger.
Doan's Kidney Pills act quickly.
Cure all distressing, dangerous kidney ills.
Plenty of evidence to prove this:

Mrs. Adolph Nill, corner of Andrew and Center streets, says: "After Mr Nill got Doan's Kidney Pills at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store, 12 South Erie street, and took a course of the treatment, he entertained a high appreciation of their merits from the results obtained. There is no doubt that Doan's Kidney Pills possess remarkable curative powers. Mr. Nill recommends them at every opportunity which presents itself."

Sold for 50 cents a box by all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

Mr. Charles Hasty, the author of "Two Merry Tramps," is one of the principal comedians of that organization, appearing as "Enick," the country boy.

Read the "want" columns daily

THE ELY-ROGERS DISAPPEARANCE

Story of a Mystery Which Has Baffled the Police of the Whole Country - - -

STOWED away in the archives of police departments under the head of "mysterious disappearances" is many a tale more weird and interesting than any penned by writers of fiction. For a person to suddenly vanish as if earth had swallowed him up is a most difficult feat. This is the opinion of police and expert detectives. Yet, despite this dictum, hundreds of persons drop out of sight every year. What becomes of these people is a mystery few detectives will attempt to explain.

The most notable and inexplicable case of mysterious disappearance during the past year was that of Frank Ely Rogers, a boy of fourteen, who disappeared from his home in Evanston, Ill. He was accompanied by his aunt, Miss Florence Ely. Since their disappearance last July all efforts to find them have been futile.

The remarkable cunning with which Miss Ely and the boy have eluded pursuit and concealed every possible clew to their whereabouts suggests the wonderful ingenuity always displayed by the insane. It has baffled the police in every city in the country. It has enabled a frail, delicate woman of forty, without money and apparently without accomplices, to hide herself and her boy companion for eight months from the vigilance of trained detectives.

Until last July Miss Ely had been a piano teacher in Evanston. She is forty years old, slender and of delicate physique. Her hair is dark brown. Her large dark eyes are expressive. Altogether she is a handsome gentlewoman of more than usual intelligence and devoted to music. For twenty years she made her home with her sister, the wife of James C. Rogers, as did also her mother, who is heartbroken over the peculiar action of her daughter.

The family lives on Hinman avenue, one of the most beautiful residence streets of Evanston, a short distance from the campus of the Northwestern university. Mr. Rogers is connected with the mercantile firm of Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., in Chicago, and is a man of ability and some means.

When Frank was born, fourteen years ago, Miss Ely idolized the baby. She loved him as if she were his mother, and it was her delight to care for and amuse him. As he grew into boyhood her affection kept pace with his growth. The care of the boy took precedence of all else in her mind.

As the boy grew older and her absorption in him increased she gave up nearly all her social duties. She wished to devote her entire time to her nephew.

Finally, in July last, Mr. and Mrs. Rogers decided to send the boy Frank away to military school, in the hope of breaking up the infatuation of the couple. He was to leave July 15, and the boy was warned not to tell Miss Ely of the plan. He promptly informed his aunt of all that was on foot.

To forestall this separation it is supposed that Miss Ely decided to go away with her nephew.

On the morning of July 13 Frank left home ostensibly to attend a picnic in the woods near town. He said goodby cheerfully to his mother and his grandmother, the aged Mrs. Ely, and slighted his aunt, as it is now remembered. By persistent search their movements for an hour or so after they left the house have been traced.

The boy walked by a circuitous route to the station of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad. There Miss Ely met him in about half an hour.

She had left a satchel at the station the day before, and on this morning she got the satchel from Station Agent

MISS FLORENCE A. ELY

Lang. She emptied the contents of a box that she carried into the satchel and threw the box away.

"Frank," she called to the boy.

The boy turned quickly, took the satchel gallantly from his aunt's hand, and the two walked out of the depot.

They took a northbound electric car which runs from Chicago to Milwaukee, and that was the last time they were seen in Evanston.

It was not until Dec. 29 last that a bundle of clothing belonging to Miss Ely and Frank Rogers was found under the Central street station of the Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad in North Evanston.

By this the police surmise that the pair stopped at the station and changed clothing, the boy possibly disguising himself as a girl—for he left his collar behind—and Miss Ely transforming herself into an older and shabbily dressed woman.

Since then dozens of clews have been followed, but not one has led to a reliable trace of the couple.

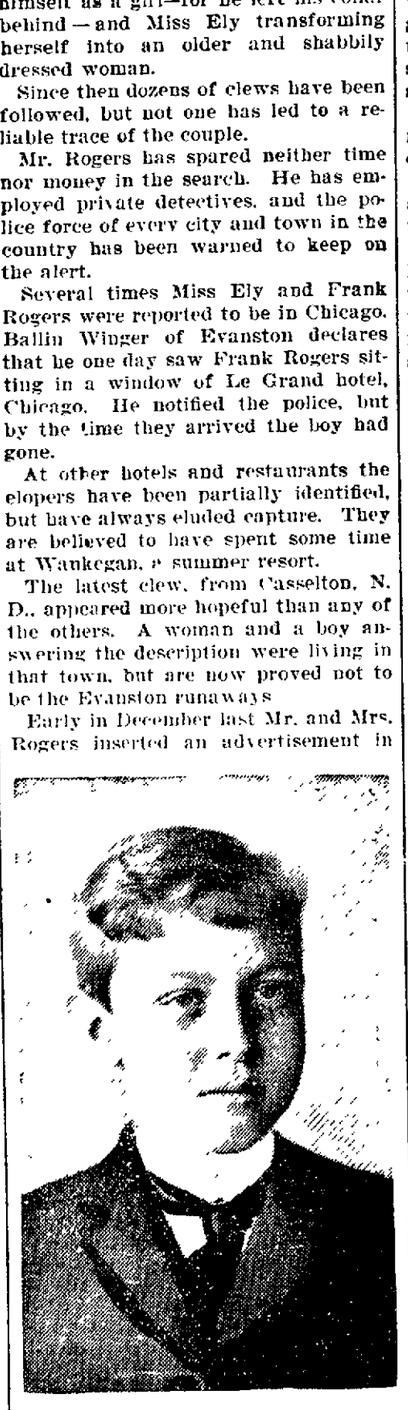
Mr. Rogers has spared neither time nor money in the search. He has employed private detectives, and the police force of every city and town in the country has been warned to keep on the alert.

Several times Miss Ely and Frank Rogers were reported to be in Chicago. Ballin Winger of Evanston declares that he one day saw Frank Rogers sitting in a window of Le Grand hotel, Chicago. He notified the police, but by the time they arrived the boy had gone.

At other hotels and restaurants the elopers have been partially identified, but have always eluded capture. They are believed to have spent some time at Waukegan, a summer resort.

The latest clew, from Casselton, N. D., appeared more hopeful than any of the others. A woman and a boy answering the description were living in that town, but are now proved not to be the Evanston runaways.

Early in December last Mr. and Mrs. Rogers inserted an advertisement in



FRANK ELY ROGERS

the newspapers calling upon the elopers to come home Christmas and all would be forgiven. All Christmas night a lamp was kept burning brightly in the window of the house on Hinman avenue. The family felt sure that the fugitives would return. Their hopes were disappointed.

As a last resource the parents have resorted to the chain letter system to find the absent ones. Here is their plea for help:

Dear Friend—Will you kindly help a heartbroken father and two mothers in an effort to find their loved ones by writing three copies of this letter and sending them, over your own signature, to three friends, making the same request of them, and so on, forming an endless chain.

Miss Florence A. Ely and nephew, Frank Ely Rogers, disappeared from their home, 713 Hinman avenue, Evanston, Ill., July 13, 1901. Nothing has been heard of them since.

Miss Ely is forty years of age, about 5 feet 3 inches in height, very thin and weighs from 90 to 100 pounds, face rather long and very expressive; dark brown hair; large dark brown eyes, with an intense expression, are her most noticeable feature, good music teacher; attractive to children.

Frank E. Rogers will be fourteen years of age in March, 1902. Height about 5 feet 2 inches; weight about 80 pounds; medium brown hair, gray blue eyes, long, slender hands, is left handed, writes with either right or left, draws well, always using left hand. Only love and a glad welcome await them both. A large reward will be cheerfully given for information leading directly to the restoration of either or both. Printed letters with pictures will be sent upon request. Send all information to JAMES C. ROGERS,
713 Hinman avenue, Evanston, Ill.

In many ways the case is one of the most puzzling known to the police. How has a woman so striking in appearance as Miss Ely managed to conceal herself and her nephew from the shrewdest police in the country? Are they dead? If so, what has become of their bodies. Have they left the country? If so, where did they get the means for so long a trip? These problems remain to be solved.

Setting the Time In Georgia.

"Yes," said the Billville citizen, "Mary'll be married 'long erbout mushmillion time, but ef Sal gets off at fodder pullin' she'll be lucky!"

"Reckon you'll be thinkin' 'bout it yerself after that, won't you?"

"Yes; I'm spoke fer 'bout six weeks after cotton ginnin'!"—Atlanta Constitution.

A Head For Business.

Barber—That man who just went out has a good head for business.

Customer—That old, baldheaded gentleman?

Barber—Yes. I sell him three bottles of hair renewer a month.—New York Herald.

MENDING BAG BASKET.

Ready For Every Need and Convenient to Carry In a Trunk.

Let the mending bag basket be ready for every need. Let there be plenty of tapes. The selvage edge of tape is more easily applied over a rent than a strip of muslin that must be folded in; the tape is flat, less noticeable and irons well. Overlay a worn seam with narrow tape.

If the placket of petticoat or nightgown inclines to tear apart, rip it open, darn or stay with crosspiece of tape, then face the placket with wide tape, an all around facing that will never tear crosswise.

Colored tapes, black tapes of different widths for skirt strings or loops for hanging garments, white tapes, linen and cotton, broad and narrow—let there be a generous supply.

Colored spool cottons should be in variety to repair colored garments or gloves. White and black cottons of the useful numbers and at least one spool of black linen and one of black silk should be assured.

Darning cottons should be in carefully selected harmony with the colors of the stockings of the family.

Darning flosses for silk stockings and assorted spools may have a bag to themselves.

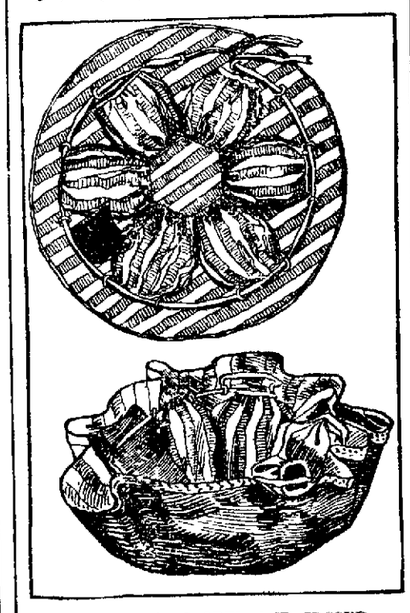
With the foregoing advice The New Idea Woman's Magazine introduces the description and illustration of a flat bag basket which can be conveniently placed in the tray of a trunk and go with the family to mountain or shore.

Dimensions may vary, but a good sized bag is made from a yard of brown furniture linen.

Cut three pieces, circular, sixteen inches in diameter. Cut a piece of box board, hexagonal, four inches in diameter, to be basted between two of the circular pieces of linen.

Provide blue or red tape (furniture cover binding) and a dozen small brass rings.

Cut six pieces of linen, seven inches high, slightly rounded at top, slightly



MENDING BAG OPEN AND CLOSED.

slanted down the sides, for the pockets. Gather these, top and bottom; bind all the way around with the tape, basting tape carefully, afterward stitching on the machine. Each pocket should be at bottom the width of side of hexagonal cards; at the top a little wider, to admit of putting in and taking out the contents.

When the six pieces which are to form the pockets are neatly stitched, they must be arranged about the hexagonal center bit of board. Baste the bottom of the pieces close to the card, so that one straight stitching around the base holds the pockets and board in place to begin with.

The pockets will flare, conveniently shaping themselves, but must be evenly basted and firmly stitched upon the two linens.

Next sew at the upper corner of each pocket a brass ring; then baste on the third circular piece of linen, which gives stiffness and also conceals the pocket stitching, which is far from ornamental when the bag is made of two circular pieces.

Now baste all around the binding, careful to cover the triple edge. It will be well to press with a hot iron to finish neatly.

Then draw the tape through the rings, leaving length to tie in an ample bowknot after the tape is pulled, to draw the mending bag into shape as a basket. Each basket should be plainly lettered with embroidery stitch in color of binding or with pen and ink to tell the contents—darning cottons, colored threads, button box, tapes, black and white, and odds and ends.

When bags are filled, somewhere between them attach a long needle cushion or needlebook, and opposite suspend an emery strawberry.

Of course one pair of scissors must be always with this basket.

The household supplied with this helpful "kit of tools" has no excuse for untidiness of wardrobe.

A Time For Odd Carpentry Jobs.

Did you know that this is a very good time of year in which to have odd jobs of carpentry and painting done? (Inside the house, of course.) A carpenter who is so busy in spurts that he is nearly worked to death offered to make bookcases in the late winter months for almost nothing, and a painter also did a set of furniture—the woodwork, etc., of a room—for less than half the warm weather prices. He had no shop, he said, and no rent to pay and nothing to do, so he had a room given him entirely to work his will upon, and beyond a gently permeating smell of paint that only strayed when the children were careless about the doors, the whole job was accomplished cheaply, satisfactorily and with far less interruption than is experienced at the rush time.

DEMOCRATS HOPEFUL.

Believe They May Have Majority In Next House.

SPLIT IN THE REPUBLICAN RANKS

Cuban Reciprocity Bone of Contention In Dominant Party—Debating Ship Subsidy—Merits of the Missouri Mule—Rural Mail Delivery.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—[Special.]—If the belief of certain Republicans is to be realized, then the house of representatives to be elected this year is very likely to be Democratic. It is quite a common thing to hear the Republicans with considerable political acumen predict without hesitation that their party will fail of a majority this fall. Strange to say, the fear of defeat has come over them since the division occurred over Cuban reciprocity. "If you don't do something for Cuba, there will be a Democratic house," says one. "You can't fight an administration and be successful at the polls," says another. The opposite view is, "If you take away protection from beet sugar, you will lose twenty or thirty agricultural districts," and "What excuse are you going to make to the farmers for reducing the duty on their products without touching other industries which are highly protected?" And so it goes. Of course no one can tell what the outcome will be. Both sides may have overstated the case, but at the same time the Democrats are correspondingly hopeful, and nothing has given them so much pleasure as the split in the ranks of the dominant party.

After Many Years.

The senate the other day passed a bill to pay Jean Louis Legare $8,000 for expenses incurred in bringing Sitting Bull and his Sioux Indians back to this country from Canada, whither they fled after killing Custer and his command on the Little Big Horn in 1876. Several army officers and agents of this government tried to get the Indians to return, but they would not, remaining a menace to our own people on account of frequent raids and also disturbing the Canadians. Finally Legare undertook to get them to return and by feasting them, giving them presents and furnishing them transportation finally got them all back to Uncle Sam's domains. He has waited forty-six years for reimbursement, and even now it is no sure thing that this bill will pass the house.

A Very Little Humor.

There was not much humor in the debate on the ship subsidy bill. Very seldom if ever was there a smile, but Senator Perkins of California did get "laughter" marked in his speech once or twice. He got one on Senator Berry. The latter had asserted that the bill was wholly for the benefit of great corporations, and on this point Senator Perkins said: "I know the senator does not mean that. He reminds me very much of a chap I once knew in a seaport where I went. The minister was remonstrating with him for swearing. He became quite penitent and said, 'Parson'—and he used a strong adjective—'you pray a great deal, and I swear a great deal, and neither of us means anything by it.' So it is with my friend from Arkansas. He had to talk against the bill, but I do not think he means it, because he is a very excellent gentleman, and ordinarily, especially upon appropriations for rivers and harbors, I have always found him to be most liberal and generous." This caused a titter, because Berry is one of the most earnest advocates of river and harbor appropriations.

The Missouri Mule.

Representative Dougherty of Missouri was making a speech on rural free delivery, but state pride got the best of him. Here is the way he digressed when he began to eulogize his state:

"And the fame of the Missouri horse and mule is not circumscribed by the boundaries of this continent, for they have done cavalry and artillery service in Europe, Asia and Africa. The incident is doubtless fresh in the memory of all of certain mules which upon a time drew the artillery of the British forces in South Africa and, breaking away from the British and dragging the cannon with them, ran precipitately into the Boer ranks. Those were Missouri mules." Then he quoted some highfalutin poetry, after which he continued: "And, sir, from such associations even the Missouri mule imbibes that spirit of courage and love of freedom and independence which move even him, upon occasion, to swiftly fly to the side of any people, wherever found on this earth, who seek to light the torch of liberty at the fires that glow upon the altars of our American free institutions." [Applause.]

As to Blushing.

They were debating the rural free delivery bill in the house, and something was said about star routes. "I would like to ask the gentleman," said Representative Thayer of Massachusetts, with great impressiveness, "Is it or is it not true that we blush for the great American people every time we see one of these star route deliveries going from one place to another?"

"I will state to the gentleman from Massachusetts," said Representative Cowherd of Missouri, "that the people out in my section possibly do not blush so easily as do those in Massachusetts."

"Possibly," chipped in Representative Bromwell of Ohio. "That is because they do not have so much occasion to blush."

And the effect of Thayer's question was spoiled. ARTHUR W. DUNN.

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ORDERED MEN SHOT.

Witness Testified Officers Told Him Waller Coolly Gave Directions.

MAJOR PLEADED NOT GUILTY.

But He Admitted 11 Men Had Been Killed—After a Communication From General Chaffee, Court Decided It Had Jurisdiction.

Manila, March 22.—The court martial appointed to try Major Littleton W. T. Waller and Lieutenant John H. A. Day, of the marine corps, on the charge of executing natives of the island of Samar without trial, after receiving a communication from General Chaffee yesterday, decided that it had jurisdiction in the case and proceeded to try the accused officers. Major Waller pleaded "not guilty" to the charge of murder, but admitted that 11 men had been killed.

Captain Robert H. Dunlap, of the marine corps, testified that he received information from Lieutenant Gridley and Sergeant Quick regarding the arrival at Cargadores of prisoners who, while on the march across the island, ate roots and parts of plants and refused to assist the marines by giving them similar food. He reported the facts to Major Waller, who was lying in a cot and who ordered Lieutenant Day to take the prisoners and have them shot.

The witness said Major Waller was not excited and had personally expressed that the men should be shot.

Captain Adolph T. Marix, marine corps, representing Major Waller, objected to the testimony of Dr. Love regarding the sanity of Major Waller at the time, claiming that his fitness for duty was a matter for the defense alone. He conceded that Major Waller gave the orders while in his right senses.

LORD HOPE DIVORCED.

Decree Granted on Elopement of May Yohe With Strong.

London, March 22.—Lord Francis Hope was granted a divorce on the ground of the misconduct of his wife (May Yohe) with Putnam Bradley Strong, of New York.

Counsel for Lord Hope detailed the marriage of his client to May Yohe, their visits to the United States in 1900, the meeting with Strong and the subsequent intimacy of the respondent and co-respondent, ending with their departure for Japan under the name of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Smith.

Lord Hope, who is still suffering from the amputation of his leg, corroborated counsel's statements. He said he had no suspicion whatever of his wife when he left her alone in a flat in New York. He first noticed a change in her behavior at the end of March, 1901, and in April his wife insisted on a seperation.

Affidavits in proof of the misconduct of Lady Hope were read and the degree was pronounced.

Lady Hope is in Japan with Captain Strong, a son of former Mayor Strong, of New York. She was May Yohe, an actress, before she became Lady Hope.

CLEVELAND NOT TROUBLED.

So Spoke of Recent Attack Upon Him by Mr. Bryan.

Princeton, N. J., March 22.—Ex-President Grover Cleveland was yesterday shown a dispatch from Lincoln, Neb., which said that W. J. Bryan, commenting editorially in The Commoner upon Mr. Cleveland's letter to a Mississippi editor, denounces him as a "traitor, ingrate and political nonenity."

"I am not at all troubled about it," was the only comment Mr. Cleveland would make.

The ex-president was asked what he thought of the prospects of pulling together the Democratic party for the next presidential campaign, and replied:

"I don't know much about it, but there seems to be some efforts in that direction. I wouldn't care to express any further opinion on it at present."

NATIONS AGAIN FRIENDLY.

Further Relations With Mexico Approved by Austrian Congress.

Vienna, March 22.—The government bill arranging for provisional consular and commercial relations between Austria-Hungary and Mexico was agreed upon in the upper house of the reichsrath yesterday.

This bill passed the lower house of the reichsrath March 18.

An Austro-Hungarian minister to Mexico was appointed last June. Diplomatic relations between Austria-Hungary and Mexico had been interrupted since 1867, the year Emperor Maximilian was shot.

Buying Iron In Germany.

Berlin, March 22.—The United States Steel corporation is buying iron in Germany, some of which is for structural purposes. It is reported in the trade that the corporation has instructed its agents to be ready to buy extensively.

Ruhlin Knocked Out Maher.

Philadelphia, March 22.—Peter Maher was knocked out in the second round last night by Gus Ruhlin.

CLEVELAND IN A QUANDARY.

Indications That the City Might Be Without a Form of Government.

Cleveland, O., March 22.—A Columbus dispatch says that the supreme court judges are practically unanimous for a decision that will knock out the Cleveland federal plan law, and that the decision will be rendered within a few days. Action was brought some time ago by Attorney Charles D. Gibbons and others, in a suit to oust the federal plan on the grounds of unconstitutionality. The decision of the supreme court will be final, and if the petitioners' case is sustained Cleveland will be without any form of government whatever.

In view of this, it is said that strenuous efforts will be made to pass the municipal code bill now before the legislature. Should this bill be held over for an extra session and an adverse decision rendered by the supreme court in the meantime, the city of Cleveland will find itself in a very bad fix.

MAY ACT FINALLY TODAY.

Anthracite Miners Did Not Make Decision Yesterday.

Shamokin, Pa., March 22.—Contrary to expectations the convention of districts Nos. 1, 7 and 9, United Mine Workers of America, failed to reach a determination yesterday concerning the grievances of the anthracite coal miners. Many of the delegates had expected an adjournment and definite action not later than yesterday, but the discussion of the scale committee report was more protracted than was anticipated, and its adoption, entire, had not been accomplished at the hour of adjournment yesterday afternoon.

The committee presented its report to the convention at the afternoon session. President Mitchell announced that a part of the reoprt had been adopted, but failed to state the nature of the clauses accepted. President Mitchell was not certain that the report would be made public in its entirety today, although he stated that he expected final action and adjournment by noon today. There was much uncertainty here last night concerning the situation, and opinion is about equally divided as to whether the convention will declare in favor of drastic measures to secure an adjustment of their grievances.

AIMED AT AMERICANS ALONE,

Are Exclusion of Meats, Preserved With Borax, Said Exporters.

Berlin, March 22.—The criticism made in the United States of the exclusion by Germany of meats preserved with borax is answered here by the statements that the prohibition applies to domestic and foreign meats equally and that American exporters have nothing to complain of that does not apply to German preserved meat dealers.

But the agents here of American meat exporters say that this is no answer at all, because boracic meat preserving is an unknown art in Germany and never likely to be much used, as it is unnecessary to preserve meat that is consumed where it is produced. Besides, they declare the regulations are aimed at America alone and can serve no other object than to prevent American exporters from competing with domestic meat producers.

BAPTISTS SOCIETIES LOSE.

Relatives to Get Land Near Painesville, Left by Gray.

Cleveland, O. March 22.—Judge Wing, of the United States circuit court, yesterday set aside the deeds signed by Martin E. Gray upon his death bed, three years ago, by which title to 285 acres of land near Painesville, valued at over $100,000, was deeded to the American Baptist Home Mission society and the American Baptist Publication society. The property will now revert to the heirs.

In the testimony it was alleged that undue influence was used.

CLUB WIRED TO SHARKEY.

Los Angeles People Refuse to Grant Fitzsimmons' Demands.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 22.—The Century Athletic club yesterday wired Tom Sharkey, the pugilist, asking under what terms he would take Fitzsimmons' place and fight Jeffries in this city during the first week in May.

The club has not heard further from Fitzsimmons and refuses to accede to his demands for a larger purse and percentage than they originally offered.

Ohio Man Found Shot Dead.

Portland, Ind., March 22.—The dead body of Anthony Purtscher, of Celina, O., was found alongside the railway track near Fort Recovery yesterday. A revolver with two empty shells was lying by his side and a bullet hole was in his temple. The body was in a ditch, the head being under water. Purtscher was a wealthy business man of Celina, and heavily interested in the Home Telephone company.

West Virginia Murderer Hanged.

Moundsville, W. Va., March 22.—George Carter, colored, was hanged here last night in the penitentiary for the murder of Virgil Whistler, colored.

Cropsey Case Went to Jury.

Elizabeth City, N. C., March 22.—The case of young Wilcox, accused of murdering Miss Nellie Cropsey, went to the jury yesterday afternoon.

FOREIGN TRADE GAIN

At the Principal Ports, Last Week, Was Noted by Dun's Review.

DOMESTIC DEMANDS VIGOROUS.

Pressure For Iron and Steel Has Not Diminished Perceptibly — Believed That After July 1 Situation Will Become Approximately Normal.

New York, March 22.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, was expected to say in part:

Evidences of further improvement are numerous. Labor controversies are less threatening, many settlements having been effected, while others are momentarily anticipated; wages have been advanced, traffic congestion has subsided until impossible to deliver goods according to specifications; aside from some idle foot wear shops, the leading lines of manufacture are very fully engaged while jobbing trade is of exceptional magnitude. Retail dealings are also very large, the Easter stimulus being felt in all lines of wearing apparel. With domestic demands so vigorous it is especially encouraging to notice a gain for the last week in foreign trade at the principal ports.

Pressure Not Diminished.

Pressure for iron and steel has not diminished perceptibly, yet the impression is growing that after July 1 the situation will become approximately normal and it will be possible to secure deliveries with some degree of promptness. This is the more probable, as there has been a further stiffening of quotations and additional importations, which would have been much larger but for the advance in foreign markets. For some time to come it is probable that foreign commerce exhibits as to this industry will be less satisfactory, but it has been worthy of note that imports are mainly of pig iron, billets and sheets, while the exports of many lines of expensive machinery and other finished products are fully sustained. Large contracts are constantly under consideration for structural material on domestic account, including railway bridges, viaducts, car shops and office buildings.

Woolens Are Quiet.

Woolens are quiet, with only a fair movement of staple lines, though some fancy grades are fully sold and out of the market.

Grain markets have begun to feel the effects of weather reports, and for the next few months it will be a simple matter for speculators to secure erratic fluctuations. Strength was conspicuous on Tuesday, last year's serious injury to corn making quotations particularly sensitive to indications of drouth. Another helpful factor was the increase in exports of wheat and flour to 4,657,625 bushels for the week, against only 2,598,472 last week, and 3,355,098 a year ago. Western receipts continued to make an unfavorable comparison with the movement in 1901, wheat amounting to 2,899,990 bushels, against 4,165,833, and corn 1,460,526, compared with 3,074,011. Atlantic exports of corn increased largely over the low record of the preceding week to 298,884 bushels, and there is still a severe loss as compared with the 2,351,272 bushels shipped a year ago.

Failures for the week numbered 209 in the United States, against 224 last year, and 51 in Canada, against 33 last year.

STILL HIGHLY PROFESSIONAL.

Was Stock Market, Friday—Favorable Bank Statement Expected.

New York, March 22.—Friday's stock market was still highly professional and there was abnormal activity in stocks which are usually not a figure in the trading. Considerably more attention, however, was given to the representative stocks in the list, which are quite generally higher as a result of the day's trading. In most instances the gains are merely fractional, but in such stocks as St. Paul, Louisville and Nashville, Illinois Central and St. Louis and San Francisco there are substantial net gains recorded. Rock Island moved rapidly upwards in the last hour to 180, a net rise of 7½. Sugar was inclined to be heavy during the early dealings, but became very strong towards the close, rising more than 3 points over Thursday night and closing with a net gain of 2⅜. Amalgamated Copper was heavy all day on a rather smaller volume of dealings than lately, but a late recovery left it only a fraction lower on the day. The speculation in Colorado Fuel continued very active and feverish, the price raising at 1 to 1⅞ over Thursday night and then falling 1⅜ under. Tennessee Coal and Hocking Coal were affected in sympathy. The inertia of the United States Steel stocks was undisturbed. There were conspicuous new candidates for buying demand among the less prominent stocks. They were balanced by relapses of 1 to 3 points among stocks of a similar class, which have had previous advances. The local traction stocks were rather dull and heavy. The late rise in the market was to some extent in an expectation of a favorable bank statement today. The banks seem to have gained from all sources during the week nearly half a million dollars. The market closed about steady and near the top.

ANDERSON A COOL ONE.

Taken From Pittsburg to Columbus, Accused of Postoffice Robberies. Alleged Accomplice Arrested.

Pittsburg, March 22.—Harry J. Anderson, said to be one of the most clever, desperate and notorious postoffice robbers and safe crackers in the United States, was brought to the Allegheny county jail yesterday morning from Jonnstown, Pa., where he was arrested Wednesday night by Postoffice Inspector J. F. Oldfield, Deputy Marshal George S. Owens and a posse. Anderson was found in the house of his cousin. He was prepared for battle, having a pair of revolvers in bed with him.

Anderson is wanted in Ohio in connection with the postoffice robberies at Asheville, Westerville, Roseville, Canal Winchester, Junction City, Pherson, Commercial Point, Station A, Columbus, and at Centerburg, where he is said to have assited in cracking four safes in one night. Anderson, who has a dozen aliases, is known to police officers and criminals throughout the country as "Burglar Jim." He has served several terms in prison, it is said, and was released from the Columbus penitentiary on Dec. 26 of last year.

The information against Anderson was made before United States Commissioner W. T. Lindsey by Postoffice Inspector Frank A. O'Brien. The information charges Anderson with having, on Feb. 7, 1902, at Grove City, O., broken into a building used as a postoffice with intent to commit a felony.

Anderson was taken to the office of Commissioner Lindsey yesterday morning and, after a consultation, he said in part: "Well, I will take the word of the district attorney that I will be given a fair show at Columbus and will waive a hearing here and go to Columbus."

Anderson was taken to Columbus, O., yesterday for arraignment and trial.

Columbus, O., March 22.—Harry Anderson, known here as "Burglar Jim" Anderson, who is under arrest at Johnstown, Pa., charged with being implicated with Frank Carpenter, who also was arrested at Darbyville, O., Wednesday, in recent postoffice burglaries in Central and Southern Ohio, was arrested on instructions from this city. A postoffice inspector left Wednesday night for Johnstown to bring him to Columbus.

MILES CAN BE RETIRED,

But Senators Doubt if He Can Be Otherwise Punished.

Washington, March 22.—The printed testimony of General Miles has not yet been made public, and it is understood that it will be submitted to him for approval. It is well understood that a great deal of what the general said will not appear in the record. Members of the committee say the report published was correct in substance in every particular.

At the same time these senators do not agree that General Miles can be punished for his utterances before the committee, whether they appear in the record or not. Of course the committee could take no action to prevent the retirement of General Miles. That, under the law, is purely an executive act and needs no confirmation or approval of the senate.

WANT TAFT TO RETURN.

Letter Received by Secretary Root From a Prominant Filipino.

Washington, March 22—Secretary Root has received a characteristic letter from Mr. Felipe Buencamino, who was one of the leaders in the original Philippine civil service commission and a staunch friend of the United States government:

"Permit me," he says, "to offer you my congratulations for your policy over my people, Philippine Islands. In my people's name, I request that you send promptly hereto Governor Taft."

The officials are highly gratified at this unsolicited evidence of the appreciation by the friendly Filipinos of the efforts of Governor Taft to ameliorate their condition and give them a good government.

House Passed River and Harbor Bill.

Washington March 22.—The house yesterday passed the river and harbor bill, which has been under consideration throughout the week. Although several minor amendments were adopted, not a single dollar was added to the measure, and as passed it carried exactly what it did when it came from the committee—$60,688,267, including authorizations. Mr. Sulzer, of New York, attempted to force a record vote on the final passage of the bill, but only three members, Messrs. Smith, of Iowa; Fitzgerald, of New York, and Cochran, of Missouri, supported him.

To Close Schley Controversy.

Washington, March 22.—The house committee on naval affairs, by a vote of 7 to 4, yesterday adopted a resolution concurring in the conclusions of President Roosevelt as to terminating the agitation of the Schley controversy, and indefinitely postponing all bills and resolutions on the subject.

Death Superstitions.

Death superstitions are rife in the West Indies. To the people there everything out of the ordinary is a "sign." In Cuba a person with a sore or wound of any kind will not look upon a dead person, fearing that the spot will become incurable. The rum used in washing a dead body is, however, regarded as a sure cure for all eye troubles. If the light from a candle or lamp falls on the face of the dead, death will shortly come to him or her who was carrying the light.

YOUR FAITH will be as strong as ours if you try.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

and ours is so strong we guarantee a cure or refund money, and we send you free trial bottle if you write for it. SHILOH'S costs 25 cents and will cure Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and all Lung Troubles. Will cure a cough or cold in a day, and thus prevent serious results. It has been doing these things for 50 years. S. C. WELLS & CO., Le Roy, N. Y.

Karl's Clover Root Tea corrects the Stomach

SEVEN GREAT SCHOOLS

THE MOLER SYSTEM OF COLLEGES

WRITE NEAREST BRANCH FOR CATALOGUE

380 CANAL ST. NEW YORK CITY
135 WABASH AVE. CHICAGO, ILLS
1141 MARKET ST. ST. LOUIS, MO.
202 WASH. AVE. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
1623 FARNHAM ST. OMAHA, NEB.
61 TERRACE, BUFFALO, N.Y.
635 CLAY ST. SAN FRANCISCO.

Millinery

× × × *Rush*

OF SPRING.

The busy days are Beginning. Possibly you have been told that small expenses of a store mean "Small Prices." Our Easter Hats are simply marvelous for the money. The designs superb—the quality remarkable.

D. KIEHL & CO.,

No. 9 Canal St., Massillon.

Humberger's

Celebrated Silver Bleached Linens

We told you to watch this space a few days ago announcing the arrival of this "Line of Linens."

Well, they are here and on Display,

and prices marked on them means they will soon be carried away
NOTE THE PRICES.

1 Lot Silver Bleached, worth 75c, now..... 59c
1 Lot " " " $1.00, now..... 79c
1 Lot " " " $1.25, now..... 98c
1 Lot " " " $1.75, now..... $1.25

Napkins to match any pattern.

Our Center Show Window

contains a few numbers of the many new things in LACE CURTAINS, among them are the New "Dentelle Arabe" Curtain, also "Door Panels" but it will be worth your while to visit the Curtain Department on Second Floor and see an endless variety of new designs in Lace and Swiss Curtains.

Black Taffeta Silk.

1 Lot Waterette Taffeta, worth $1.25, now..... 93c
1 Lot Waterette Taffeta, worth $1.50, now..... $1.13
1 Lot 36 in. wide Taffeta, worth $2.00, now..... $1.44

HUMBERGERS'.

WARWICK BLOCK, MASSILLON.

OUR WALL PAPER SALE

Is Proving a Grand Success. Nothing Cheap About These Papers but the Price

1c, 2c, 3c, 4c, 5c Per Roll.

Bahney's Wall Paper Store,

20 E. Main St., Massillon, O.

SPECIALS

Sauer Kraut, per lb..... 3c
Navy Beans, per qt..... 6c
Lima Beans, per lb..... 7c
Green Peas, per qt..... 6c
Vinegar, per gal..... 15c
Royal Baking Powder, per lb..... 40c
Cleveland Baking Powder, per lb..... 40c
City Bell Flour, per sack..... $1.00

S. F. WEFLER

Drop a quarter in "The Independent" Want Columns and get what you want.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independen Investigators.

Harry Curley, who has been firing the shifter in the Pennsylvania yards, has been transferred to Allegheny, where he will fire on an accommodation train.

Clarence R Mills, who recently resigned the local agency for the United States Express Company left yesterday for his former home in Indiana. He expects to eventually locate in Cincinnati.

H. E. Botthaus, night operator at the Pennsylvania office, was married Friday to Miss Daisy Koegler, of Wooster, at the home of the bride. Mr and Mrs Botthaus will make their home in Wooster.

Frank Stoehr, Frank Humberger and Corwin Albright, students at Kenyon Military academy, at Gambier, and Leonard Burry, of the Capital University, at Columbus, arrived in the city today to spend their spring vacation.

The first entertainment at the Massillon club after Easter will be a progressive euchre party on Thursday, April 3. These ladies will be on the entertainment committee: Mrs. Ellen M. Russell, Miss Laura Russell, Mrs. F. H. Killinger, Mrs. I. Ulman and Mrs. B. McCue.

Roman Stephan, who has spent the past three months' in the United States army in the Philippines, arrived in the city yesterday, and is now at the home of his father, John Stephan, east of the city Mr. Stephan has come home to stay. He has been given an honorable discharge.

Max L. Hirschberg, of Newark, has purchased the clothing and furnishing store of J P. Oppenheimer, in South Erie street, taking possession Saturday morning The store will be closed the first of next week for the purpose of taking an inventory and an opening will be held Saturday, March 29

Andrew Roberts carried two large buckets filled with water to the Pennsylvania railway station without spilling a drop Friday night, winning a wager of $2. He wanted to wager $2 more that he could carry them back without spilling a drop, but could find no takers. Then he offered to wager $5 that no one else could carry them back. Still there were no takers. Roberts is a Hotel Conrad porter, and he says he carried the water to show that he is one of the strongest men in town

Friday evening marked an epoch in Park street social circles. The "West side Indian Club" took the Ritter wigwam by storm, the occasion being the birthday of Frank Ritter, one of the club's prominent members. In words befitting the occasion W. S. Spidel, the club's spokesman, presented Mr Ritter with various gifts after which games and music enlivened the remainder of the evening. J. S. Davey, the club's soloist, rendered several numbers which were heartily encored There were also phonograph selections. Refreshments were served by the hostess who was responsible for the success of the evening's programme.

NEARBY TOWNS.

CRYSTAL SPRING.

Crystal Spring, March 22.—Mrs. S. G. Stump Thursday returned to her home in Toledo, having spent several days with relatives at this place.

The many Crystal Spring readers of The Independent watched with much interest the full account of the business transacted at the recent conference of the miners and operators at Massillon. "Our delegate's report will not be news to me," remarked a miner, after reading his paper.

William Dunckley, the so-called mayor of Bridgeport, quietly celebrated his seventy-sixth birthday anniversary on Thursday. His father, living in Philadelphia, is ninety-eight years of age.

"Anyhow" Heckathorn, of Massillon, was in town on Wednesday.

The Bahr-Strausser replevin suit was given a jury trial in Squire Preece's court Thursday. The entire day was consumed in settling up the affair. The case was won by Strausser. Both are from McDonaldsville. Attorney M. J. Braucher, of Canton, represented the plaintiff; Attorney O. C. Volkmor, of Massillon, the defendant.

PIGEON RUN.

Pigeon Run, March 21.—The miners are working slow at present.

A Christian Endeavor society was orgaized at the church last Sunday evening.

Mrs. Laura A. Huston, who has been visiting relatives here, has returned to her home in Leetonia.

The Rev. Mr. Thompson will hold services at the chapel Sunday.

DALTON.

Dalton, March 22.—The funeral services of F. D. Snyder were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Crow, in the Presbyterian church at this place, on Friday. The pall bearers were Louis Snyder, John Snyder, James Snyder, Dean Morris, Irwin Gardner and Charles Fletcher. Interment was made in the Dalton cemetery.

AGAIN FAILED TO AGREE.

Machine Mining Scale is Not Settled.

THE MEETING ON MONDAY.

The Engineers' Question Then to Come Up—Vice President Evans Believes This Matter Should be Referred to the National Organization.

Failing to agree on the engineers' question Thursday, the coal operators and the United Mine Workers Friday took up the machine mining scale, and failed to agree again The pick mining scale, made a week ago, is the only one which is agreed upon for this year. The Geis mine, west of the city, is the only mine in the district to which the machine scale will apply. Present at the conference Friday were President Legg, Vice President Evans and Secretary Morgan, of the miners' organization, and W. J. Mullins, T. F. Geltz, William Baumgartner, William Crookston and Henry Leahy represented the Massillon Mining Company. At the Monday conference, when the engineers' question comes up again, another effort will be made to arrange the machine scale. State President Haskins has been asked to be present. Miners ask a rate of 50 cents a ton, a differential of 6 cents over the Hocking valley rate. They hold the differential is justifiable because of greater difficulty in producing the coal here than in Hocking district. The operators say that the scale now in effect at the mine was made by Haskins, and that the Massillon miners have no authority to change it

OPINION OF EVANS.

District Vice President Evan Evans, of North Lawrence, believes that the engineers' question should be referred to the national organization. "It seems to me," said he, "that the eight-hour day should be extended to all the engineers of the competitive field, and that it should be a part of the interstate agreement. The scale and general conditions should be uniform. All the engineers ought to belong to the organization, and their pay should be a part of the general mining scale, just the same as other day labor."

The operators have agreed to an eight-hour day for the engineers. The men to work from 7 till 4 if they agree to pay $2. The other two they offer $1.65 each. The night man now receives $2 05 and the day man $2.30, and that is the pay they demand for eight hours

LEGG IN COLUMBUS.

District President Legg has gone to Columbus. While nothing is known positively as to his mission, the general supposition is that he goes to make plans for proceeding legally to collect money from the Massillon operators. This money is said to be due as the result of the using of screens of larger mesh than allowed by the interstate agreement.

APPROPRIATION VIEWS.

Members of House Finance Committee Favorably Inclined.

Chairman William H. Craft, of the finance committee of the House of Representatives, when interviewed relative to the prospects for a large appropriation for the state hospital, said, today: "There is every reason to believe that the committee will act favorably and liberally on the suggestions and requests made by Superintendent Eyman. I am sure that the rest of the committee is delighted with the condition of affairs at the hospital. It is apparent that Dr. Eyman has asked for no more than is absolutely needed by the institution. This has been proved to the members of the committee and Massillon people may rest assured that we will do everything in our power to aid the hospital. Dr. Eyman's plans have been drawn on a very economical scale and it would hardly be fair to him to pare down the appropriation."

Mr. Craft was delighted with the reception accorded the committee by the hospital authorities. In referring to the production of "The Cuban Spy," of Friday night, he said: "For an amateur production it beats anything I have witnessed in many years. Such entertainments are of much benefit to the inmates of the institution."

Col. Fred Blankner, sergeant at arms, who has charge of the party, in speaking of the Massillon hospital, said: "It is the greatest institution of its kind in the state, if not in the United States. The buildings are modern, kept with commendable cleanliness, and the committee will undoubtedly favor the granting of a large part of the appropriation asked for."

TROUBLES OF J. BULL

MUCH EXERCISED OVER THE WAR OFFICE SCANDALS.

Diversion of War Funds to Pockets of Contractors Has Roused His Ire. Kitchener's Poor Horses—Why De Wet Got Away.

England is beset with a peck of troubles these days, at home as well as abroad. The Boers have fulfilled to the letter their promise that the price of their liberty would stagger humanity, and the end seems yet afar off. Now come rumors that much money intended for the suppression of the South African republics has found its way into the pockets of army contractors, and, to cap the climax, it is hinted that conscription may be found necessary to keep the army up to the required standard.

The true Briton will stand a good deal for the glory of his country and the acquisition of territory, but the limit seems to have been nearly reached in the tight little isle. Recent disclosures in parliament showing apparent incompetence and dishonesty in the purchasing departments of the army have caused a public agitation that augurs ill for the war office.

Hon. W. St. John Brodrick, secretary of state for war, in introducing the army estimates, $345,550,000, to the house of commons, entered into a defense of the war office, contending that the work has been done well, considering that 300,000 men and 245,000 horses are being fed in South Africa.

Judging from recent and promised disclosures, however, scarcely any of the supplies for the army in South Africa were secured on business principles. Speculating contractors are now known to have made hundreds of thousands of dollars by reselling contracts.

It is openly stated in England that the contract for meat for the army was first resold at $50,000 premium and then at $200,000, while Cecil Rhodes and the De Beers group handed over $1,000,000 and thus finally secured the privilege of supplying the troops in South Africa with meat.

The horse purchasing scandal is another raw spot on John Bull's epidermis and has had a very disquieting effect on the public mind. During the Crimean war there were similar scan-

RIGHT HON. W. ST. JOHN BRODRICK.
[British secretary for war.]

dals, but that affair is such ancient history that it is altogether forgotten or was never known to the present generation. So that the exposures of the horse purchasing scandals have come as a genuine shock to the moralists who have been fond of holding up the British virtues for other nations to copy.

Recently it has come to light through the medium of a French horse dealer that frauds before which those of the Crimean times pale have been perpetrated. This individual stated to a newspaper correspondent that he was making a fortune out of the English by selling them the most wretched crocks of horses, only fit for the boneyard, at prices that were simply astounding. The officers who bought the horses knew very well that they were doctored. All they wanted was to ship over as many heads as was possible in a given number of days, and no one can maintain that they did not succeed in this questionable purpose. The war could probably have been concluded by this time if Lord Kitchener had been provided with fit and proper horses. The secret of De Wet's mobility is at last out, and the inability of the British commanders to catch him is explained, because their horses were not equal to the task.

While these criticisms of the war office are being publicly aired there is proceeding beneath the surface a revolt that threatens to be of even greater importance. Leading officers in the volunteers, many of them noblemen, are working against Mr. Brodrick's new volunteer regulations. Mr. Brodrick wants a conscription. Should his idea prevail the volunteers would cease to be an effective force and furnish the war office with a strong argument for compulsory military service.

These are some of the disagreeable outgrowths of the South African war which John Bull must now face.

Ahead of the Times.

"The trouble with dear Jason," said the patient looking woman, "is that he is so far ahead of the times."

"In what way?"

"He keeps figuring on whether he'd better endow a college or build a hospital when he gets to be a millionaire instead of going ahead and getting the money."—Washington Star.

THE HORSE REBELLED.

Kicked Representative of Law in the Head.

Constable Perskey and James Leiser, of Canal Fulton, attached a horse belonging to James Crichton, of East Greenville, Friday, to satisfy a claim made by B. B. Rayl, a Fulton grocer. In taking possession of the horse, Heiser was kicked in the head, a painful scalp wound being inflicted. Dr. Dissinger dressed the injury.

ETHICS OF THE BOWERY.

Talk with any eloquent "tough" you meet on the Bowery, and you will find that the dear old objects of virtue are the things nearest the heart. In almost any low music hall sentimental songs about self-sacrifice, love, mother and home are almost the rule. In one of these places I heard a song, telling of how a young man appealed to the judge to have mercy on an old woman convicted of theft. "For," the song went, "the prisoner is the mother of the girl I love."

I heard a dispute the other day on the Bowery between two representatives of the rank and file of Tammany Hall. After one of them had frankly admitted that he would accept a dollar to be "right" on election day, then entered into a discussion as to whether General Lee was morally justified in leaving the United States army to fight with the confederates. The man who was quite willing to sell his vote maintained that Lee could not have done otherwise in justice to his mother, whom he consulted before he took the step. "'Mother,' he said, 'where shall I fight—with the North or with the South?' 'Me boy,' she said, 'you live in Richmond—fight in Richmond.'" That tale quite overcame the other disputant, for who could defend filial ingratitude?

Come to THE INDEPENDENT office for your job printing.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL	
Wheat	78
Loose hay, per ton	$9 00-10
Bailed hay	10 11
Straw, per ton	$5 00 6 00
Corn	65 68
Oats	40 42
Clover Seed	5 00-5 50
Bran	1 15
Middlings	1 15
Salt, per barrel	$ 1 00
Timothy Seed	2 00-2 40
Rye, per bu	56
Barley	50
Flax seed	1 50
Wool	12-20
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, per bushel	70 80
Apples	1 25
Cabbage, doz	40
White beans	2 25
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY	
Butter	18-20
Eggs (fresh)	12
Live Spring Chickens, per lb	07
Chickens, dressed per lb	10-12
Turkeys, dressed, 12c: Live	09
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Ham	11
Shoulder	08

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, March 18, 1902:

LADIES.

Pigenshoe, Marie Adline: Marsh, Mrs. Mable: Guisseppe, Mrs. Gennaro Scaleje; Norris, Mrs. C. W.: Grant, Mrs. Carl Henry; Shutz, Miss Clara: Heinrich, Miss Matilda: Tilton, Mrs. William: Hallinger, Miss Edna: Tish, Mrs. Nelhe: Landres, Miss Jennie May; West, Miss Sadie.

MEN.

Agerter, Emery: Mock, Charles; Baum, Walter: Nutt, W. S.: Balon, Joseph: Rider, Henry: Carr, Frank: Schwier, John: Conobier, William: Taylor, William (2): Higginbottom, S. G.; Woodland, A. W.; Pheonix Mutual Life, Gen. Agt.

THEATRICAL.

George Patten.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

LOUIS A. KOONS, P. M.

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood.

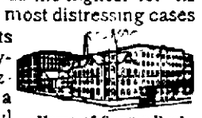
If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.



Home of Swamp-Root.

K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K

SINFUL HABITS IN YOUTH

MAKE NERVOUS, WEAK, DISEASED MEN.

THE RESULT of ignorance and folly in youth, overexertion of mind and body induced by lust and exposure are constantly wrecking the lives and future happiness of thousands of promising young men. Some fade and wither at an early age, at the blossom of manhood, while others are forced to drag out a weary, fruitless and melancholy existence. Others reach matrimony but find no solace or comfort there. The victims are found in all stations of life—the farm, the office, the workshop, the pulpit, the trades and the professions. **Nervous Debility and Seminal Weakness** are guaranteed cured by our **New Method Treatment or No Pay. You run no risk. 25 years in Ohio. Bank security.**

CURED WHEN ALL ELSE FAILED. No names used without written consent.

"I am 33 years of age and married. When young I led a gay life. Early indiscretions and later excesses made trouble for me. I became weak and nervous. My kidneys became affected and I feared Bright's Disease. Married Life was unsatisfactory and my home unhappy. I tried everything—all failed till I took treatment from Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. Their New Method built me up mentally, physically and sexually. I feel and act like a man in every respect. They treated me six years ago. They are honest, skilful and responsible financially, so why patronize Quacks and Fakirs when you can be cured by reliable doctors."—W. A. Belton.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY. Consultation Free—Books Free—Question Blank Free for Home Treatment.

Drs. Kennedy & Kergan, 247 Superior St., Cleveland, O.

K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS

WANTED.

COLLECTOR, white or colored, the latter preferred. Inquire at Western and Southern Life Insurance Co. office, Pille Block, Massillon, O.

GIRL—For general housework. Mrs. E R. Albright, 96 E Main st

GIRL For general housework Apply at Mrs. James H. McLain, 187 E. South st.

GIRLS—Apprentice girls in the millinery department at the Bee Hive. Apply at once.

GIRL—For general housework: a good place for right person. 259 E. Main st.

HOUSE—Small; or three or four rooms: desirable location. Dr. W. E. Taylor, over First National bank.

HOUSE—To rent a house of six or seven rooms. Inquire of J. J. Klotz 34 E. Main

MAN—With references, to solicit and take orders: $15 per week to good man. Call No. 3 E. Tremont st.

MEN—Two good men. Inquire of D. W. Miller, 13 Railroad street.

MEN to learn barber trade Great demand for barbers during summer rush. Two months completes. Last thirty days that scholarship, board, tools and transportation can be earned. Positions guaranteed Write, Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ills.

MEN—Two men acquainted in city factories and shops, to take orders, might give interest in business to good man. Call at 8½ E. Tremont St. Massillon.

WANTED—Faithful Manager to take charge of distributing depot and office to be opened in Massillon to further business interests of old-established manufacturing concern: salary, $125 per month and extra profits; applicant must furnish good reference and have $800 cash Address Manager, P O. Box 1421, Philadelphia, Pa

FOR RENT.

HOUSE—Large modern house, cor. North and High sts. W. E. N. Hemperly, over 14 S. Erie st

HOUSE—Four rooms. Inquire at this office.

HOUSE—Good house in country for rent: day hand with small family preferred. Address J., care this office

HOUSE—Four rooms, on Paul st. Inquire 114 E Cherry, Andrew Paul.

HOUSE—Two rooms: gas and city water: newly papered throughout; suitable for small family. Inquire at 396 W. Main st.

ROOM—Business room, No. 7 Canal st. Inquire of J. D Wetter, No. 21 E Main st

SIX roomed house, all modern conveniences also two rooms with modern improvements suitable for two gentlemen or lady and gentleman Inquire 65 Plum st.

SIX roomed house on Park street. Inquire of C. V. Hammersmith

MISCELLANEOUS

CARPET cleaning and renovating: goods called for and delivered: work done promptly and neatly. Call or address John Heisler, Massillon, O. Bell 'phone 121.

COAL—Order Kryder coal from Hankins's bank at Geo. Rink, Massillon, Phone 52

MASSILLON Storage Co., furniture, pianos, etc., stored, N Erie st., next to New Armory: U. S. 'phone, 331, Massillon.

FOR SALE.

A BAUSCH & LOMB investigator microscope in prime condition, one-fifth and ⅛ objectives. Two eye pieces. Inquire at Independent office or address Lock B x 90.

A FEW of last season's new buggies and harness at cost to make room for new spring stock. J. B. Schrader, 41 N. Erie st.

BABY BUGGY. Inquire 68 Muskingum street.

BOOKCASE—Black walnut; ebony hat rack and lounge. Call on H. C. Brown, 62 North East st.

FARM—Containing 200 acres; suitable for stock; new buildings and never-failing springs; also a lot of chestnut fence posts. Address John Bimeler, Zoar, O

FOUR LOTS on Borden Ave., from $200 to $225. C. V. Hammersmith, 23 E. Main St.

HORSES—Any kind of a horse you want. West Side Livery, Wm. Bantz, Prop.

HOUSE—No. 72 East Oak st., and 5-roomed house, No. 211 Duncan st, are for sale; both properties are in good order: also a cheap 5-roomed house, No 39 Bucher st. Henry Lantz.

HOUSE AND LOT—East of town, just outside city limits; will sell cheap if sold soon. Inquire Andrew Hasstler, on premises.

HOUSE—seven rooms, lot 6x109; gas and city water. Inquire 68 N. High st.

HOUSE—The Rilley brick house, cor. Oak and Hill sts., 14 rooms, 2 bath rooms, price $3,300; also house on East Oak st. at $1,700; lots on Cherry, High and Cedar st. from $400 to $1,000. Chas. G. King.

HOUSE—10 rooms with a very desirable lot, corner of North and Center streets, will be sold at a barrain, and on ease payments. Inquire of Anthony Howells.

HOUSE—A 6-roomed cottage house on the Canton road, about half mile from car barn; house is well built, has a stone cellar and furnace, large lot, with lots of fruit; possession April 1; price $2,000. S Burd, cor Main and Erie sts.

HOUSE—New 4-roomed house on Wood st., near new school house, lot 50x138; price $1,050, $2 0 cash balance $8 a month; also 4 houses on Duncan st., from $1,200 to $1,400 S. Burd, cor. Main and Erie sts.

HOUSE AND LOT—Five rooms; city and cistern water, has gas throughout, fruit and shade trees; possession given April 1st. Apply P J. Hughes, 243 East Oak street

LAND—Ten acres of good farm land, located 2½ miles east of Massillon on Inter Urban line; has good well and orchard; 300 feet frontage; will sell cheap if taken soon, or will exchange for property located in Massillon. Address Charles E. Brown, 62 Hill st., Massillon, O.

PIANOS—A fine 7⅓ octave mahogany piano, has been out six months, $140; two new Cable & Co pianos, were damaged in shipping, must be sold in ten days to settle claim. Meuser Bros., next to New Armory.

RESIDENCE Of R M. Reay, No 11 Washington ave lot 78x200; 10 rooms, with bath, hot and cold water, natural gas, furnace heat large barn on premises; possession given at once; a bargain. See R R. Crawford, Jr., 4 Pille building.

SAUERKRAUT—By the wholesale or retail. Address P., care Independent Co. office

THE Russell Curtain Stretcher and Perfection Clothes Drier are for sale and will be delivered upon application by Perry Fisher, Canton, Ohio

For Sale or Rent.

BUILDING—Brick, two stories, 35x80 ft., with elevator and hot air heat, suitable for any business, in whole or part. Meuser Bros., 88-90 N. Erie st

MONEY TO LOAN—CHATTELS.

We Loan Money

On your Furniture, Pianos, Horses, Wagons, Etc.,

ON EASY TERMS
WITHOUT DELAY
Business Confidential
Without Publicity.
MILLER & MILLER,
Over 50 South Erie Street.
Office Hours: 9 to 11:30 a. m.; 1 to 4:30 p. m. Open Evenings.

The Demand for

Building Material

has commenced with a rush. We have prepared for this by adding to our facilities for getting out

MILL WORK.

Send in your orders and we will fill them without delay.

We have everything in the line of Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and interior finish.

Conrad, Dangler & Brown.

36 Clay St., Massillon, O.

Bell Phone No. 132. Massillon Phone No. 2

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